SOLAR DESALINATION AND WATER TREATMENT



Dr.-Ing. Joachim Koschikowski
Fraunhofer-Institute for
Solar Energy Systems ISE
joachim.koschikowski@ise.fraunhofer.de

Outline



- Introduction and overview
- Desalination technologies
- Comparison of technological approaches
- Examples of technological approaches
- Summary of our capabilities

Introduction

The shortage of clean and safe water is one of the most critical problems to be solved Water has no alternative !!!









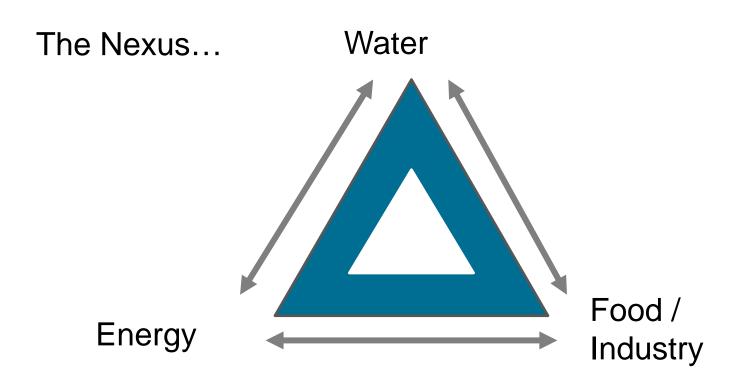






Introduction

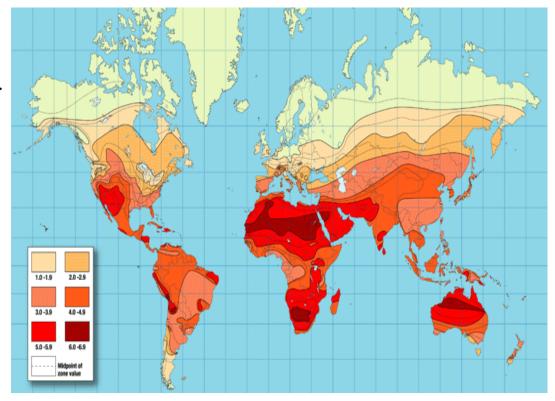
The shortage of clean and safe water is one of the most critical problems to be solved Water has no alternative !!!



Introduction

Decrease of fresh water resources due to:

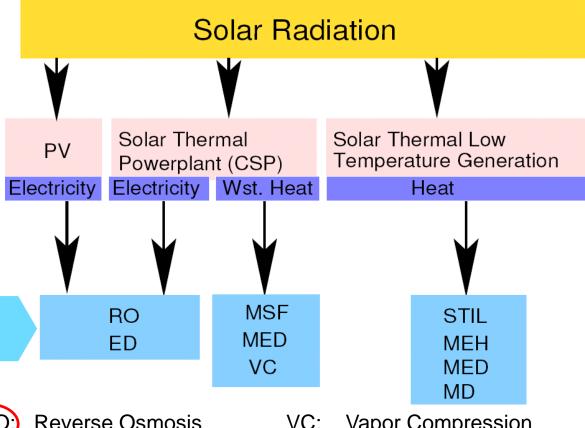
- Deepwelling ground water levels
- Intrusion of salt water
- Draining of fossil ground water reservoirs
- Pollution of surface water



Potential of solar energy e.g. $6kWh/(m^2d) \rightarrow 0.6 \text{ I oil }/(m^2 d) \rightarrow 220 \text{ I oil }/(m^2 y)$

Overview on solar driven water treatment

Different approaches for the utilization of solar energy as the prime mover for water treatment processes



Salt **Desalination** water

> RO: **Reverse Osmosis**

Electro Dialysis

MSF: Multi stage flash

MED Multi Effect Distillation

Vapor Compression VC: STIL) Simple Solar Stil

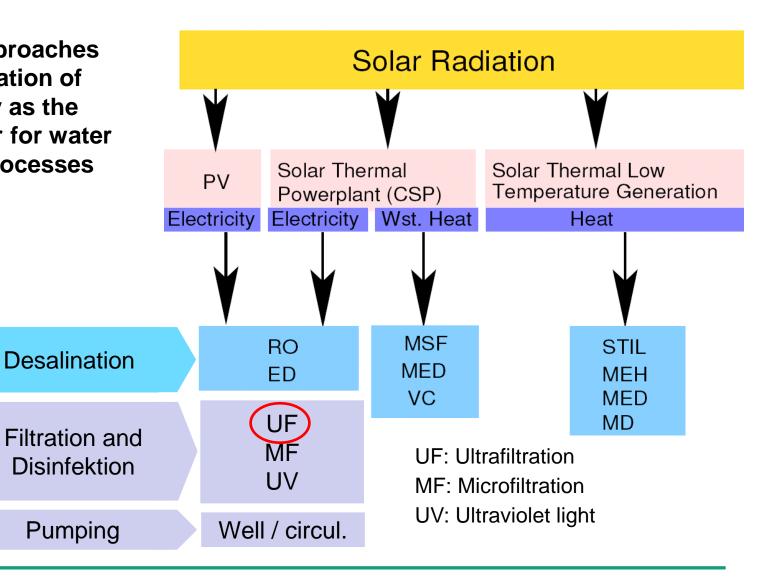
MFH: Multi Effect Distillation

MD: Membrane Distillation

Overview on solar driven water treatment

Different approaches for the utilization of solar energy as the prime mover for water treatment processes

Pumping



Salt

water

nated

fresh

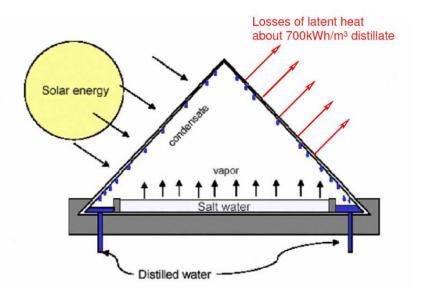
water

Contami-

Solar still, simplest technology for solar desalination

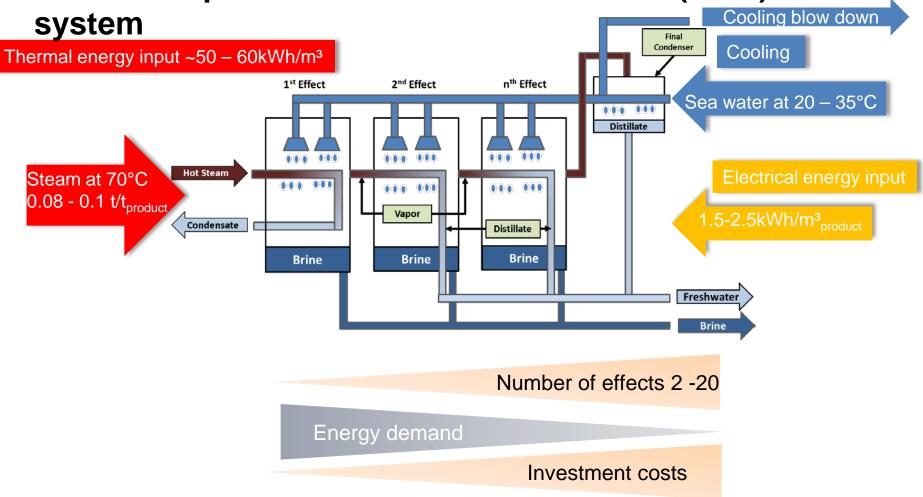






Disadvantage: Very inefficient (2 – 4 l/m² day)

Basic set up of a Multi Effect Desalination (MED)



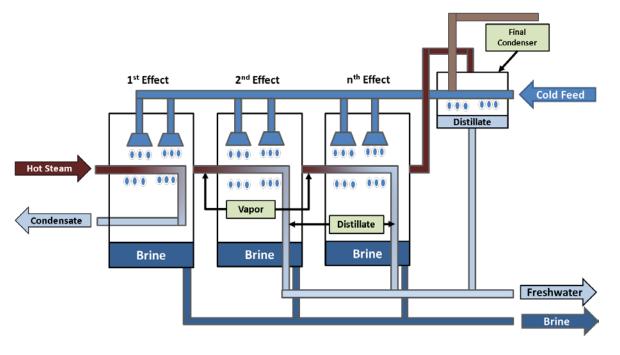
Examples of Multi Effect Desalination system



10m³/day unit by Fischer Ecosolutions

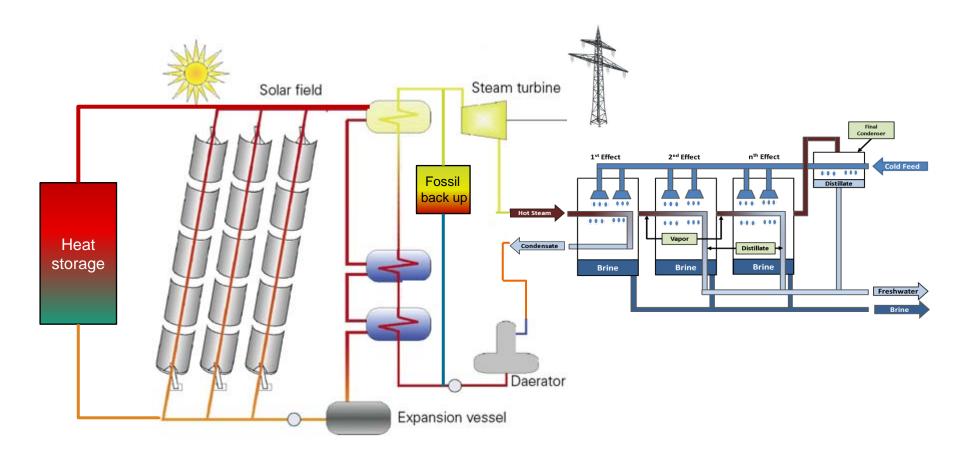


36Tm³/day plant in Trapani (Sicily)



MED is more efficient since latent heat of evaporation is recovered

Solar driven Multi Effect Desalination system

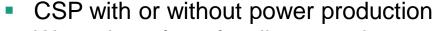


Heat supply for Multi Effect Desalination system

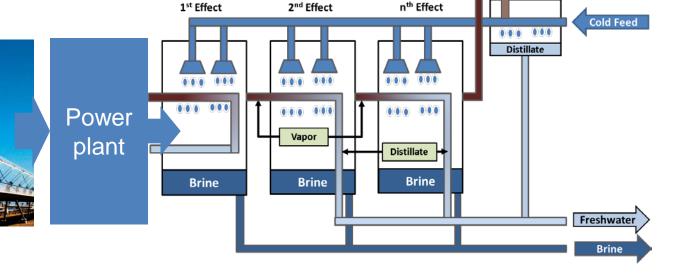


Heat supply by

Solar thermal flat plate or vacuum tubular collectors



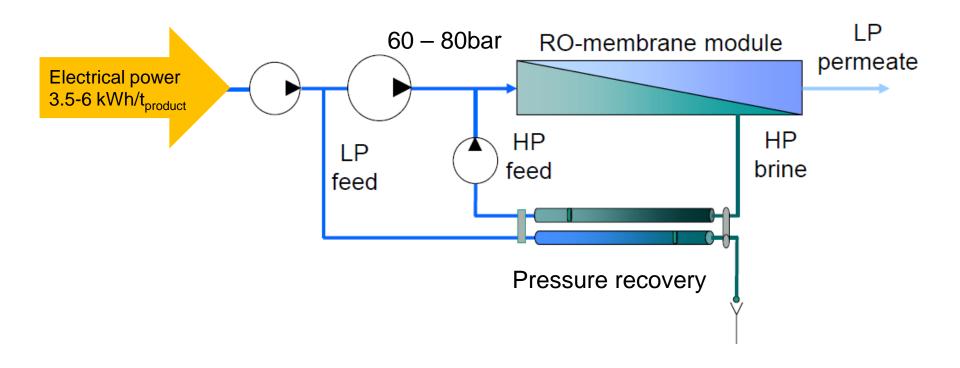




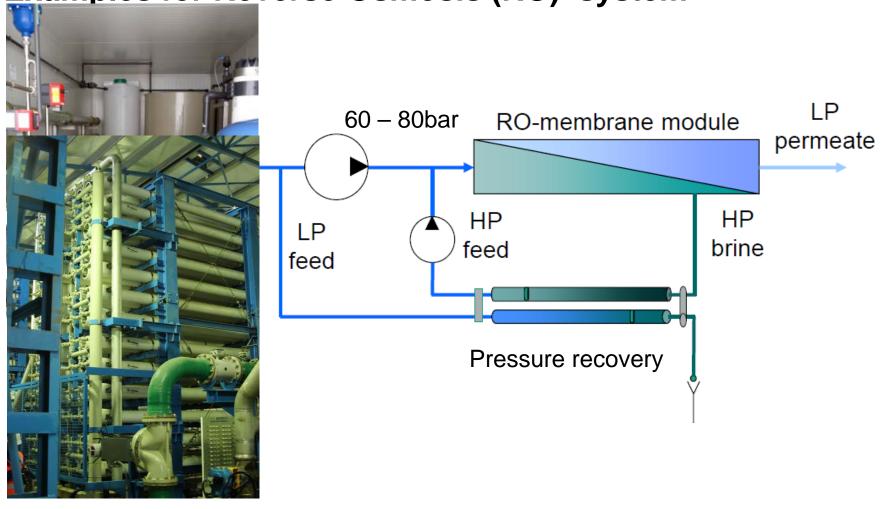


Condenser

Desalination technologies Basic set up of a Reverse Osmosis (RO) system

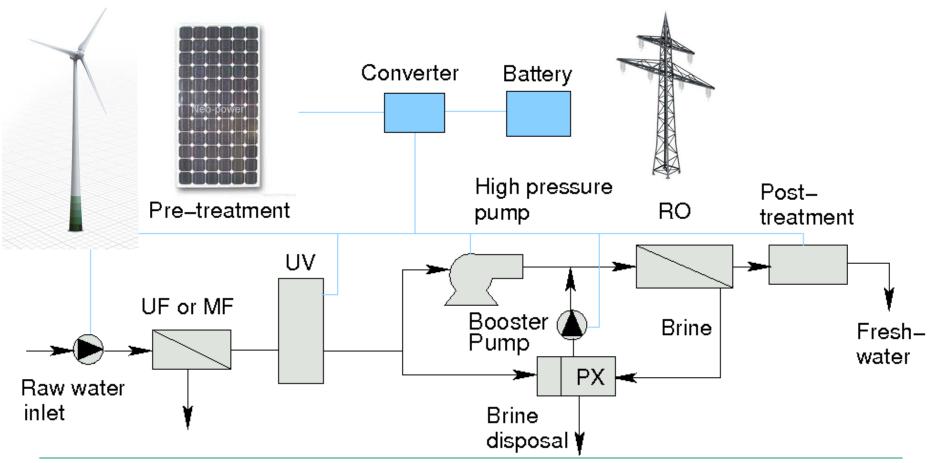


Examples for Reverse Osmosis (RO) system



Energy supply Reverse Osmosis (RO) system

PV-RO - stand alone system configuration for small scale application



Basic set up of Membrane Distillation system

Driving force: Hydrophobic Difference of water vapor Membrane pressure between both membrane boundary layers T_h α_{4} Tο α_0 Membrane δο **Evaporator** Condenser

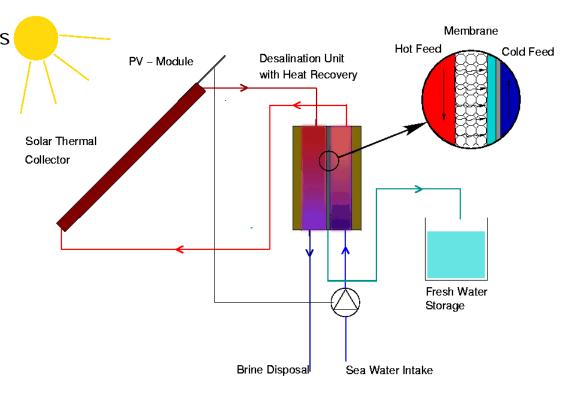
Example for Membrane Distillation system

Driving force:

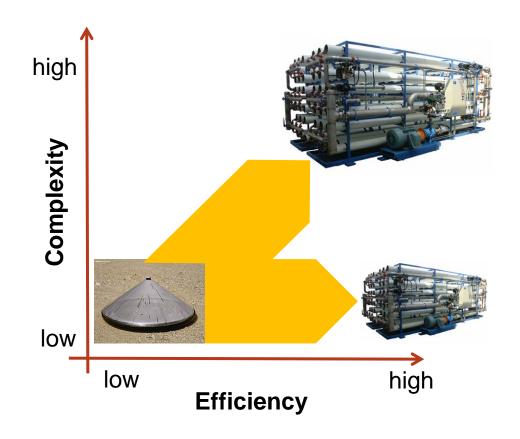
Difference of water vapor pressure between both membrane boundary layers







Correlation between efficiency and complexity:
As higher the efficiency as higher the complexity of the



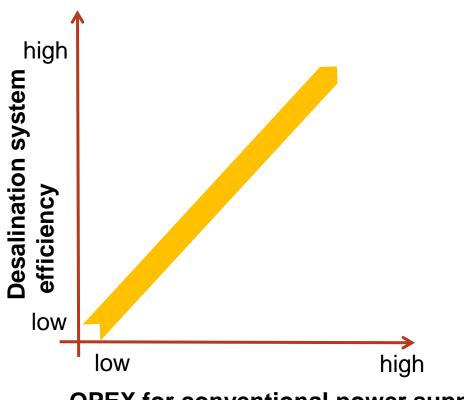
system

Correlation between energy costs and system efficiency:

As higher the costs for energy, as higher the efficiency (= investment costs) can be

Costs for water distribution must be considered (savings for distributed systems)!!!

Solar energy is not for free due to significant investment costs !!!



OPEX for conventional power supply CAPEX for solar power supply

Centralized water supply



- Low water production costs
- Large urban communities can be supplied with water
- Financing is possible since successful business models exist
- Complex, expensive, lossy distribution grids are required

Decentralized water supply



- Minimized distribution costs
- Water supply to remote regions
- Minimized distribution grid but maintenance of system is difficult
- Financing of systems difficult since attractive business models do not exist

Centralized water supply



- Stand alone solar only supply is challenging since large scale energy storage is expensive
- Solar energy can be used efficiently as fuel saver
- 100% coverage by solar energy possible in average annual net balance in grid connected

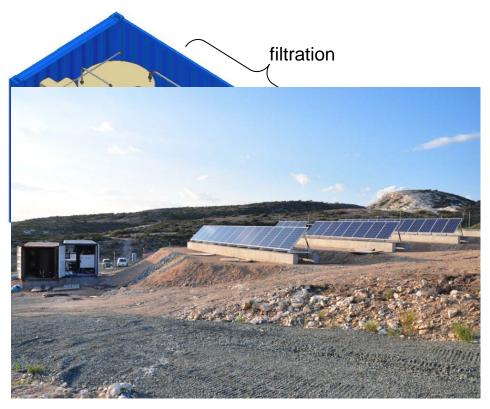
Decentralized water supply



- Full coverage by solar energy in stand alone systems possible – further development for cost reduction
- Very remote regions can be reached
- CAPEX is high but levalized costs of water can be competitive

systems

Solar PV driven RO plant designed by Fraunhofer ISE and tested in Cyprus





Solar thermally driven MD systems developed and tested by Fraunhofer ISE in different locations







Gran Canaria Spain

Solar collector: 180m²

Nominal capacity: 5 m³/day

Pantelleria Italy

Waste heat from power plant

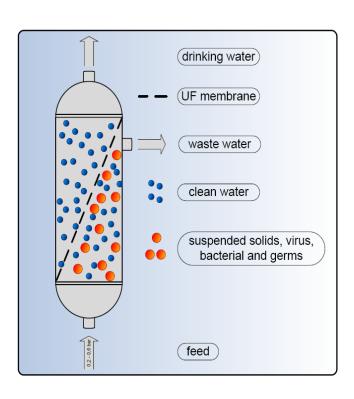
Nominal capacity: 5m³/day

Amarika Namibia

Solar collector: 225m²

Nominal capacity: 5 m³/T

Solar PV driven stand alone ultra filtration (UF) system for purification of contaminated surface water



- Physical membrane filtration technology
- Retains 99,9999 % microorganisms,
 bacteria and viruses
- Low pressure driven extremely effective and very low energy consumption
- Used in municipal water treatment plants all over the world









Solar PV driven stand alone ultra filtration (UF) system for purification of contaminated surface water

- Nominal capacity: 100 2.500l/h
- For mobile or stationary application
- High quality UF-membrane with automatic backflush system
- Solar generator: 1500Wp
- Battery capacity: 200Ah





Summary of our capabilities in water treatment

- Basic research on membrane performance and reliability
- Development of new membrane based desalination modules
- Development, installation and evaluation of lab to pilot scale desalination systems
- Design study and evaluation of CSP connected desalination systems
- Conduction of techno-economical studies for the evaluation of renewable driven desalination systems



