

Ministry of Transport

Infrastructure Development Projects

3-6-2015

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Transportation Administration

Ministry of Transport

Air and Maritime transport

Ministry of Rail Transportation

Land and Rail transport

Ministry of Construction

Construction and maintenance of national roads and bridges

Urban Transport

Naypyitaw Development Committee

Yangon City Development Committee

Mandalay City Development Committee

Ministry of Border Affairs

Construction and maintenance of roads and bridges in border areas

Ministry of Livestock, Fisheries and Rural Development Construction and maintenance of roads and bridges in rural areas

ORGANIZATION CHART FOR MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

Union Minister's
Office

Myanmar National
Airlines

Myanmar Port

Inland Water Transport

Authority

Myanmar Shipyards

Department of Marine Administration

Directorate of Water Resources and Improvement of River System

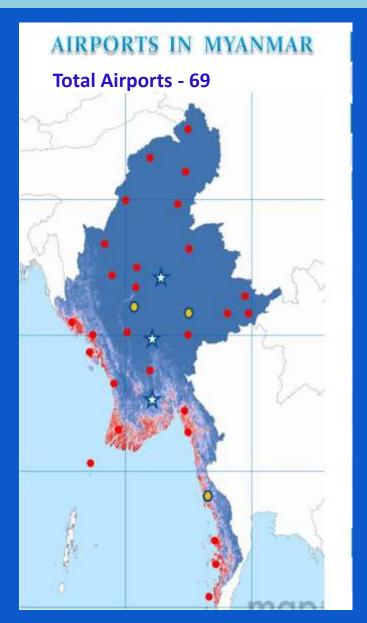
> Department of Metrology and Hydrology

Air Transport Sector

Airports in Myanmar

International Airports (3)									
Yangon	Mandalay	Naypyitaw							
Domestic Airports (30)									
Putao	Heho	Dawei							
Myitkyina	Nyaung U	Myeik							
Bamaw	Lashio	Kawthaung							
Kalay	Magway	Boke Pyin							
Khamti	Pakhokku	Mawlamyaing							
Hommalin	Kyauk Tu	Pha-an							
Loikaw	Ann	Anisakan							
Monywa	Sittwe	Coco island							
Kyaing Tong	Thandwe								
Tachileik	Kyauk Phyu								
Monghsat	Pathein								
Other Airports (36)									

□ Department of Civil Aviation announced invitations to international bids for three major airports (Yangon, Mandalay, Hanthawaddy) in 2012 to upgrade and establish the new airports by using private investment based on PPP scheme.



Yangon International Airport

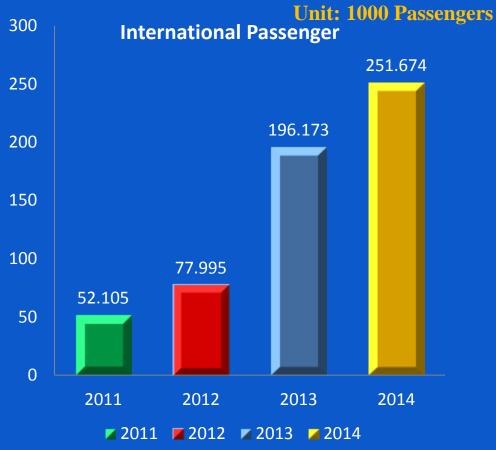
Unit: 1000 Passengers





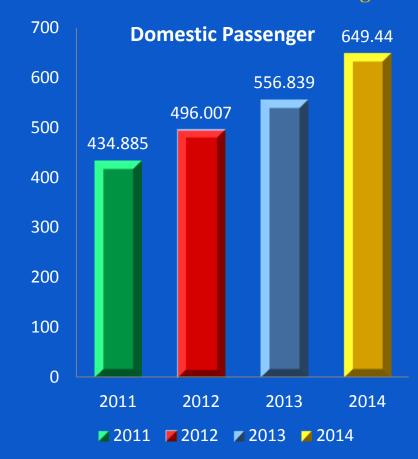


Mandalay International Airport





Unit: 1000 Passengers



Yangon International Airport Development Project



Upgrade terminal to cater 6 million pax., annually;

Expend apron;

Equip with air side and land side facilities.

USD 199.5 million

Steps taken so far: A 30 year concession agreement between DCA & Yangon

Aerodrome Co., Ltd/PAS consortium, successful tenderer, was signed on 6 Jan 2015. (Development + Management + Operation)

Next step: All assets will be handed over by 6 Jul 2015.

Development project: Should be completed by the end of 2015.

Development Project at Mandalay International Airport

Scope: Upgrade the airport to be an aviation & logistic hub in the region.

Investment: USD 13.5 million

Steps taken so far:



A 30 year concession agreement

between DCA & MC-JALUX Airport Services/Mitsubishi-Jaulx-SPA consortium, successful tenderer, was signed on 16 Nov 2014. (Development + Management + Operation)

Next step: All assets will be handed over by 1 Apr 2015.

Projected cargo handling capacity: Phase 1 - 4,000 tons.

Phase 2 - 8,000 tons.

Phase 3 - 12,000 tons.

New Project-Hanthawaddy International Airport

Scope: Build a new international airport that will be the major gateway

to Myanmar.

Investment: USD 1.4 billion estimated.

Steps taken so far: Yongnam-CAI-JGC consortium has been selected, as successful

tenderer, on 10 Oct 2014.

Next steps: A **concession agreement** is being finalized.

ODA should be acquired.

Projected handling capacity: 12 million annual pax.



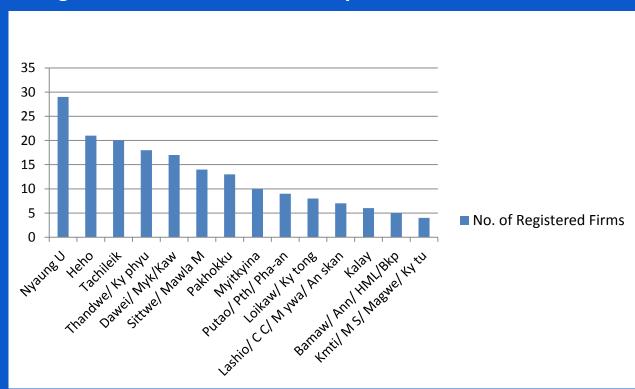


Plan for Private Sector Participation in the Domestic Airports

Request for Registration of Interest (ROI)

- ✓ Invitation ROI for 30 Domestic Airports (from 1 to 31 January 2014)
- ✓ Received 46 Firms
- ✓ Tender will be carried out phase by phase

Registered Firms in terms of Airport





Maritime Transport Sector

International Wharves

International wharves

Yangon Port - 23 wharves

Thilawa Port - 9 wharves

Total - 32 wharves

Inland Container Depot- 3 ICD

Ownership Ratio (Quay length)







General Cargo Throughput in Yangon Port

(M. T in Thousand)

No	Year	Import	Export	Total	
1	2004-2005	5,208	4,773	9,981	
2	2005-2006	5,514	4,725	10,239	
3	2006-2007	5,623	5,332	10,955	
4	2007-2008	6,240	5,619	11,859	
5	2008-2009	6,150	6,166	12,316	
6	2009-2010	9,492	6,655	16,147	
7	2010-2011	12,307	6,131	18,438	
8	2011-2012	14,461	7,261	21,722	
9	2012-2013	17,540	6,628	24,168	
10	2013-2014	16,967	7,266	24,233	
11	2014-2015	18,464	6,395	24,859	

MPA:

Container Handling in Yangon Port

(M. T in Thousand)

No	Year	Import(TEU)	Export (TEU)	Total (TEU)	Total Tonnage	
1	2004-2005	78.223	77.361	155.584	2,664.521	
2	2005-2006	86.130	85.775	171.905	2606.160	
3	2006-2007	99.942	97.337	197.279	3148.045	
4	2007-2008	115.267	111.236	226.503	3462.489	
5	2008-2009	133.712	130.294	264.006	3937.131	
6	2009-2010	152.077	151.333	303.410	4372.025	
7	2010-2011	175.315	171.327	346.642	4571.902	
8	2011-2012	207.540	200.503	408.043	5594.589	
9	2012-2013	238.837	239.126	477.963	6189.673	
10	2013-2014	310.822	306.347	617.169	7636.202	
11	2014-2015	369.625	367.811	737.436	9078.747	

MPA:

Number of Vessels Calling to Yangon Port

N o	Year	MP A	MIT T	AWP T	MIP L	MIP	MOG E	MPE	НОВ	НРТ	LPM	AIP T	Total
1	2004- 2005	378	119	162	27	64	96	210	31	-	-		1087
2	2005- 2006	366	113	192	25	98	96	173	39	-	-		1102
3	2006- 2007	369	127	233	29	91	84	168	52	-	-		1153
4	2007- 2008	441	163	267	29	68	124	173	28	-	-		1293
5	2008- 2009	406	172	324	32	84	120	150	1	-	-		1289
6	2009- 2010	654	214	380	43	93	108	106	-	-	-		1598
7	2010- 2011	656	267	373	48	139	73	88	31	-	100		1775
8	2011- IP Ä 01 <u>2</u>	639	245	354	38	137	74	112	89	11	137		1836
	2012-												17

Future Port Development at Yangon Inner Harbour Area



New Inland Ports Projects

Ayeyarwaddy River

Chindwin river

- > Sinkham Port
- Mandalay Port
- > Pokokku Port
- > Magway Port

- > Monywa Port
- > Kalewa Port

- **▶**Benefits -Facilitation and efficient transportation
 - -Developing new inland ports
 - -Developing SEZ and industrial zones
 - -Getting more revenue
 - -Creating employment opportunities
 - -Developing foreign investment
- **Costs -US\$ 60 millions.** ▶



Ayeyarwaddy Integrated River Basin Management Project

- Funded by the World Bank Group (100 million US\$, Loan)
- ❖ Implementing Agency is DWIR, MOT.
- Project design includes three investment components-
 - □ Water Resources Institutions, Information and Capacity Building
 - ☐ Hydromet Observation and Information Systems Modernization
 - ☐ Ayeyarwaddy river Navigation Enhancements
- ❖ Master plan for Ayeyarwady River Channel Imporvement and Investment plan for the river basin will explore.
- ❖ Projects explored by the Investment plan for river basin are exceeded the opportunity with PPP.

Challenges in IWT

- Old vessels low speed
- Old dockyard & facilities
- Shallow depth of navigable waterways
- Insuficient navigational marks on ashore & afloat
- High cost of fuel
 - New and modern high speed passenger vessels and container vessels to be procured
 - Insufficient budget to invest, Looking for financial assistance.

Challenges in IWT



- Barge(Built in 1957)



- Ferry Built in 1955. Provided by Japan.

20years or Under 59 Vessels & Barges Over 60 Years 93Vessels & Barges 25,41% 21-40 years
95 Vessels &
Barges
25.96%
40-60 years
119 Vessels &
Barges
32.51%

Ages of Vessels



-Pusher Tug (Built in 1956) constructed in England



-Ferry(Built in 1945. This ship will be replaced in Nov:2014 by Japanese Grand Aid)

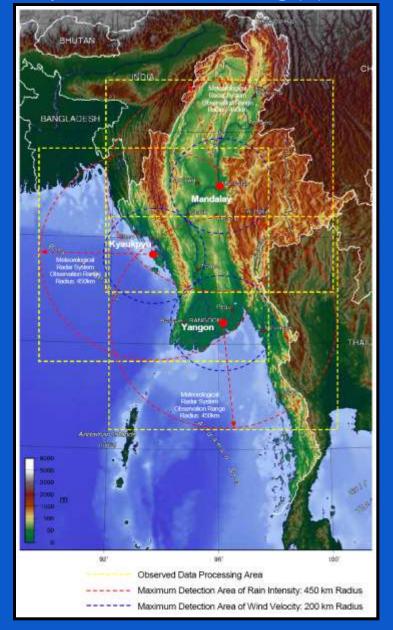
Meteorological and Hydrological Sector

Ongoing Activities for Risk Mitigation



(3) Radars
are started to install and operate In
Myanmar with Japan's Grant Aid
Program.

Map of Radar Monitoring (3) stations



Ongoing Activities for Risk Mitigation

Map of (AWOS) Network (30) stations

Installation of (30)
Automatic Weather
Observation System
(AWOS) is ongoing for
severe weather warning
generation in timely
manner.



Development of Meteorological Infrastructure

Meteorology Process

Observation & Detection

Communication & Collection

Analysis & Forecast

Dissemination & Broadcasting

Current Status

- Total 124 observatories
- Focus on Surface observation
- 1 upper air station
- Manned operation
- Only Telephone, SSB(AM)
- Based on MTSAT information
- Use SATAID software
- NWP products
- Local FM Radio station
- Televisions, Newspapers, etc.

Future

- Increase number of observatory
- Increase AWOS system
- Increase upper-air observatory
- Increase Radar System
- Install data network (Internet,Dedicated line, etc)
- Calibration of weather information by multi-sourced observation as surface, upper-air, satellite, etc.
- Enhance the NWP products
- Mobile phone for early warning
- Siren system for evacuation

Requirements

Financial and Technical Assistance for the implementation of projects

Development of Hydrological Infrastructure

Hydrology Process

Observation & Detection

Transmission & Collection

Analysis & Forecast

Current Status

- Total 39 observatories
- No real-time flood monitoring
- Manned operation
- Only Telephone, SSB(AM)
- Based on Empirical model
- Use IFAS software

Future

- Increase number of observatory
- Install telemetry and CCTV for real time flood monitoring
- Install data network (Internet, Dedicated line, etc)
- Calibration of flood information by multi-sourced observation as telemetry, radar, satellite, etc.
- Install the advanced FloodForecasting Software

Dissemination & Broadcasting

- Local FM Radio station
- Televisions, Newspapers, etc.

- Mobile phone for early warning
- Siren system for evacuation

Requirements

Financial and Technical Assistance for the implementation of projects

Formulation of Master Plan with the assistance of JICA



The processes for the formulation of Master Plan started in December, 2012.



The necessary cooperations and coordinations for the Master Plan are being conducted by MOT.



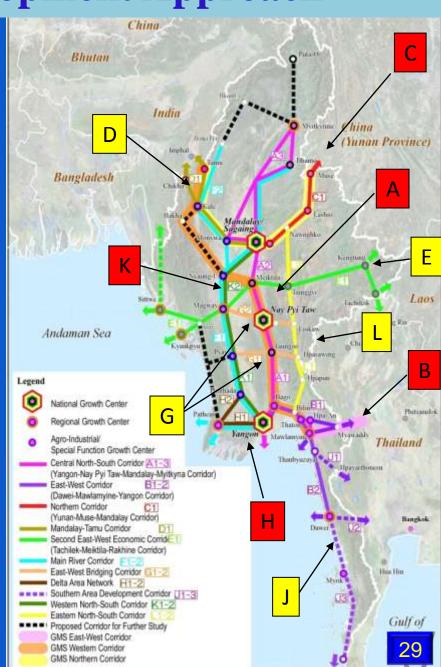




Corridor-based Development Approach

10 Major Corridors

- A Central North-South
 Corridor
- B East West Corridor
- **C** Northern Corridor
- D Mandalay Tamu Corridor
- E Second East West Corridor
- G East West Bridging Corridor
- H Delta Area Network
- J Southern Area Development Corridor
- Western North-SouthCorridor
- L Eastern North South
 Corridor
 - Priority corridors for urgent investment



Proposed Projects

Road Sector (48 Projects)

Rail Sector (14 Projects)

Maritime Sector (15 Projects)

Inland Water Transport Sector (33 Projects)

Air Sector (32 Projects)

Total (142 Projects)

Conclusion

- Due to Political and Economic Reform, passenger traffic and freight volume increased rapidly, thus, Transport Infrastructures will be needed to develop to meet ever increasing traffic demand.
- Financing is a key constraint for the development and it still needs to seek the possible ways to overcome.
- Currently, Priority Projects / Required Infrastructures will be developed with -
 - Private (Local and Foreign) Investment,
 - Loans and Grants of Friendship Countries/ International Financial Institution,
 - State Budget.

Thank You INSUK JON