Pico-PV-Systems: Solar Lighting and Quality Testing



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www.ise.fraunhofer.de



Overview

- Brief Introduction to White LED Light Sources
- Solar Lanterns and Pico-PV-Systems
- Quality Testing: Lighting Global's Recommended Quality Standards and Targets
- The Quality Test Method
- Quality Improvements and Issues
- Lessons Learned



Typical Characteristics of White LEDs

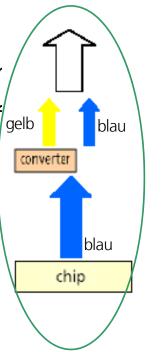
Positive	 + Small to medium power consumption (ca. 0,1 W – 5 W) 				
	 + High to very high efficiency (Lumen / Watt) (typical 60 - 180 lm/W; reference incandescent lamp: 12 - 20 lm/W) 				
	+ Very high lifetime (10.000 - 50.000 hours)				
	+ Very high switching endurance				
	+ Fast start				
	+ Small foot print				
	 + High mechanical endurance 				
Negative					
	 Requires Constant Current Source for operation 				
	 Advanced heat management required! 				
	 Currently (yet) too high priced 				

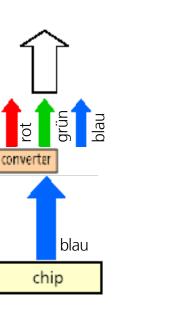


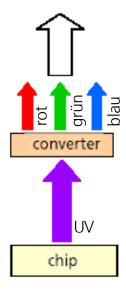
Working Principle of White LEDs

Luminescent - Conversion

 Light of higher frequency (blue, UV) will be transform into yellow or RGB with the help of a fluorescence substance (phosphor) and mixed to white light.

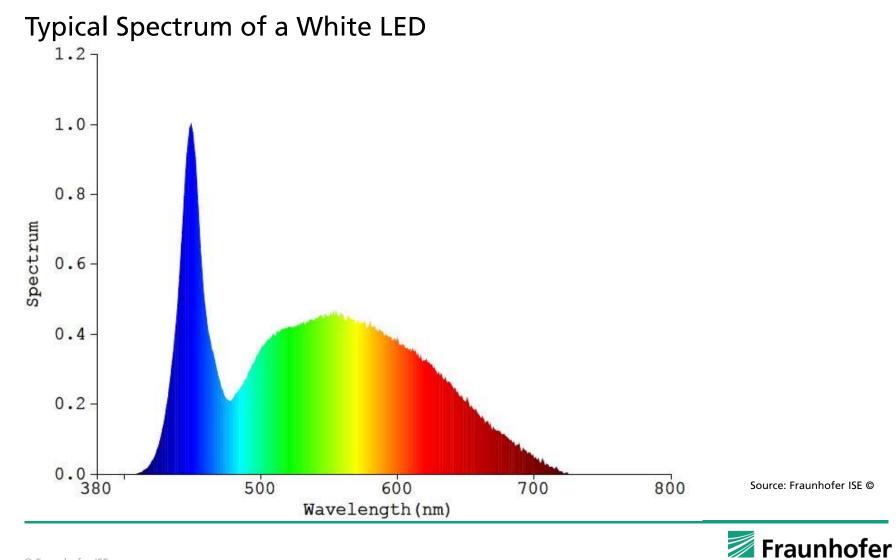


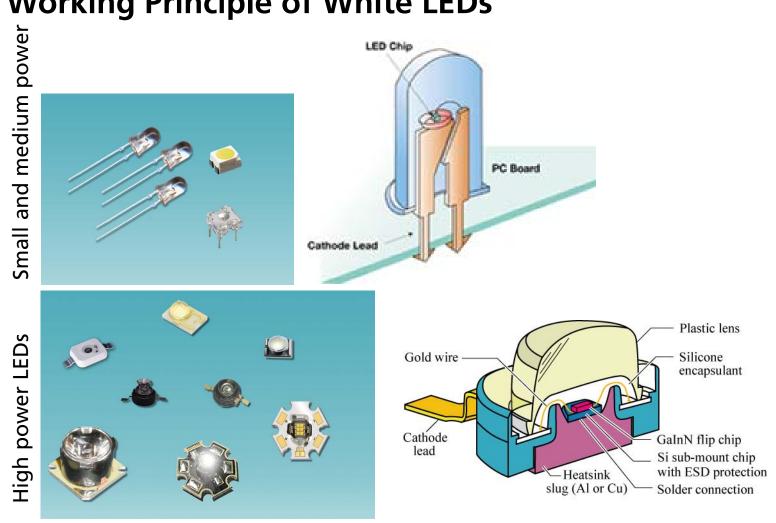






Working Principle of White LEDs





Working Principle of White LEDs

Source: Fraunhofer ISE, Philips Lumileds



Operation of White LEDs

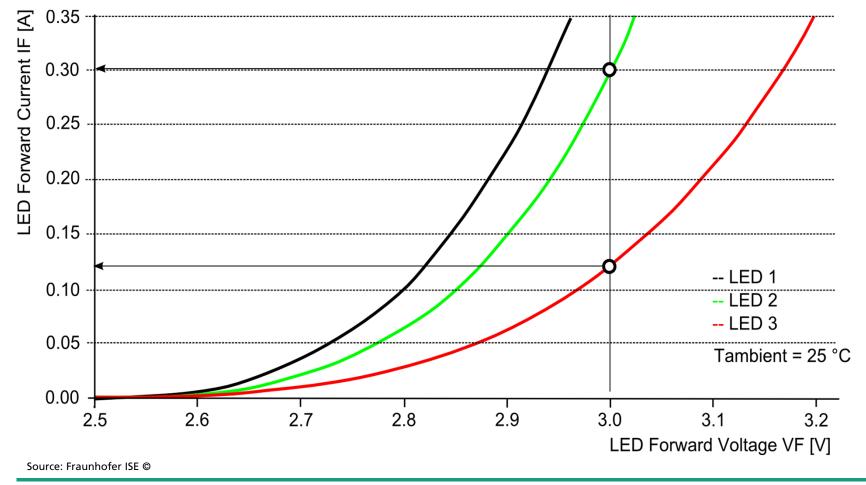
Important Hints

- LEDs behave like semiconductor diodes
- The LED current shows a very high dependence on LED forward voltage
- High scattering of the I-V-curves even in case of same production batch
- Forward voltage shows high dependence on temperature
 - Consequently: Operation with Constant Current Sources (CCS) and if at all possible connect LEDs in series!
- Even (power) LEDs produce heat!
- Maximum junction temperature of the LED chip must not being exceeded!
- High temperature load reduces lifetime of LEDs significantly!
 - > Consequently: Optimized heat-management is indispensable!



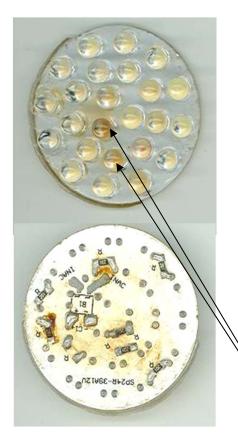
Operation of White LEDs

Nominal operation current 350 mA

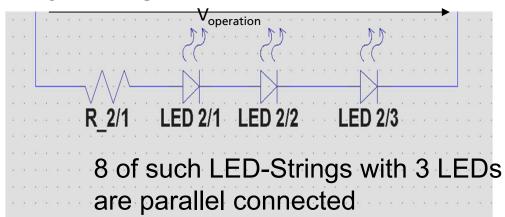




Operation of LEDs: Badly Designed LED Lamp



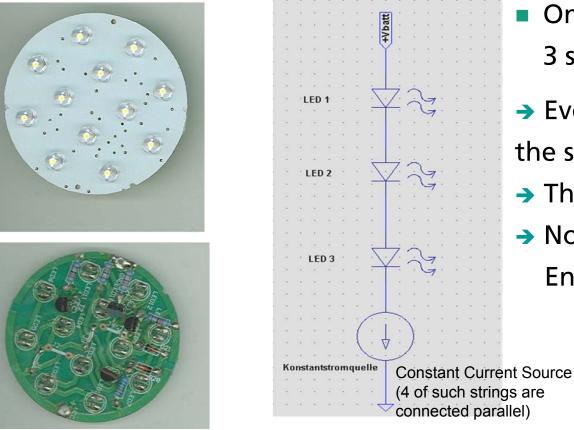
Source: Fraunhofer ISE



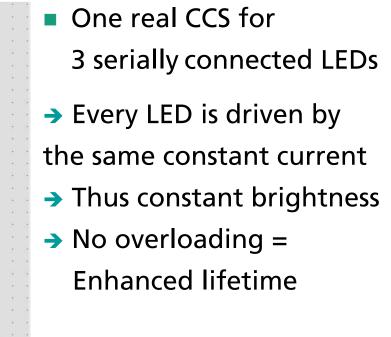
- Series resistor works as "current source"
- IF depends on operation voltage and temperature
- → Brightness related to V_{operation}
- Risk of overloading single LEDs
- → Reduced lifetime!



Operation of LEDs: Well Designed LED Lamp

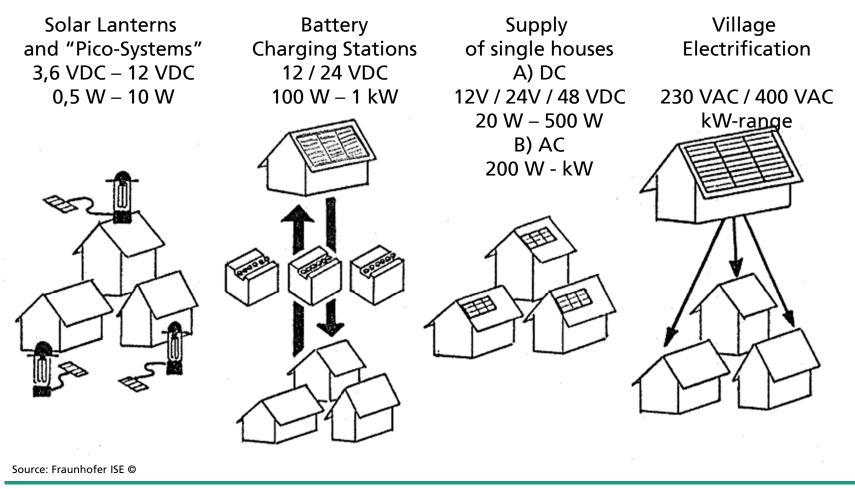


Source: Fraunhofer ISE



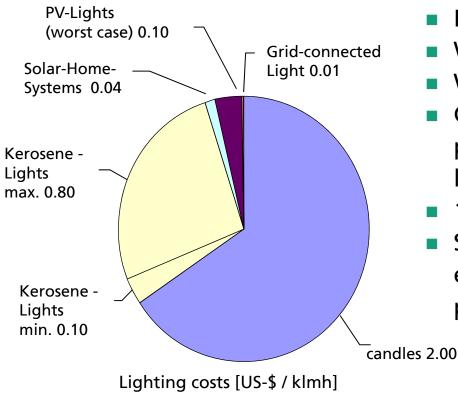


Options for Rural Electrification





Pico-PV-Systems: Motivation and Background



- Housekeeping costs of 40 up to 80 US-\$ / a
- World-wide total costs ca. 35 Mrd. US-\$ / a
- World-wide 77 bill. litres kerosene fuel / a
- Correspondent to ca. 1/3 of world-wide primary energy demand for household lighting
- 190 million tons of CO₂ per year
- Solar Home Systems for many users too expensive (Invest costs of 500 - 1.000 US-\$ per system)

→ Pico PV Systems as an option

Source: Fraunhofer ISE ©



Pico-PV-Systems

Pros and Cons

Advantages

- ■Affordable → low operating costs compared to kerosene lamps
- Significantly increased light quality
- No soot, no fire hazard, no risk of poisoning
- Cost-effective basic electricity supply for people with very low income

Disadvantages

- Performance very limited it's only a first step to electrification!
- Quality of many systems not acceptable (light output, daily run time)
- A single lamp not sufficient in many cases

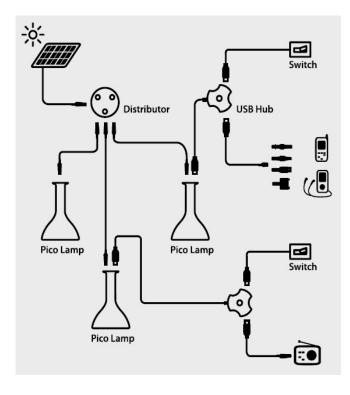


Bild: ISE



Pico-PV-Systems

Technical System Design



Grafik: phocos AG

- 1 3 Wp PV replaces one Kerosene lamp
- 0,5 W 3 W LED as light source
- 0,5 Ah to 5 Ah battery storage
 (4 8 h run time per day)
- More and more Li-Ion batteries in use (Li-FePO4)
- Many lamps also provide a USB interface for recharging mobile phones
- Pico-PV-Systems with higher power also can supply small LCD TVs
- Some systems provide a "plug-and-play" functionality for easy upgrading



Pico-PV-Systems

Examples





Bilder: Fraunhofer ISE / Solux e. V. / Solar Projekt Freilassing e. V. / Greenlight Planet / phocos AG. Pictures not to scale!

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Pico-PV-Systems – Current Focus of Fraunhofer ISE

Know-how transfer

- LED technology, "Solid-State-Lighting"
- Simulation of PV LED systems and optics
- Consulting LED lighting

Research and development

- Portable lights, street lighting, ambient lights...
- Electronics: DC/DC converters, ballasts

Quality assurance and tests

- Electrical tests and measurements: efficiency, performance, reliability
- Photometric measurements: efficacy, luminance, temperature behavior, life time
- Tests for GIZ and World Bank / IFC (Lighting Global)





Source: Gocke/GTZ, Fraunhofer ISE ©



Lighting Global's Quality Assurance

Lighting Global is ...

- ... a joint IFC and World Bank program
- ... helping develop commercial off-grid lighting markets (Sub-Saharan Africa and Asia)
- ... mobilizing the private sector to build sustainable markets to provide safe, affordable, and modern off-grid lighting
- Lighting Global developed a product quality assurance program to support market development, provide technical advisory services to quality oriented companies, and protect the interests of low-income consumers.
- The quality assurance program offers 3 services:
 - Product testing (LG Quality Test Method)
 - > Technical advisory service
 - Product award competitions

www.lightingglobal.org

Quality Testing: Lighting Global's Minimum Quality Standards and Performance Targets (Updated Vers. 3.1, Jan. 2013)

Minimum Quality Standards

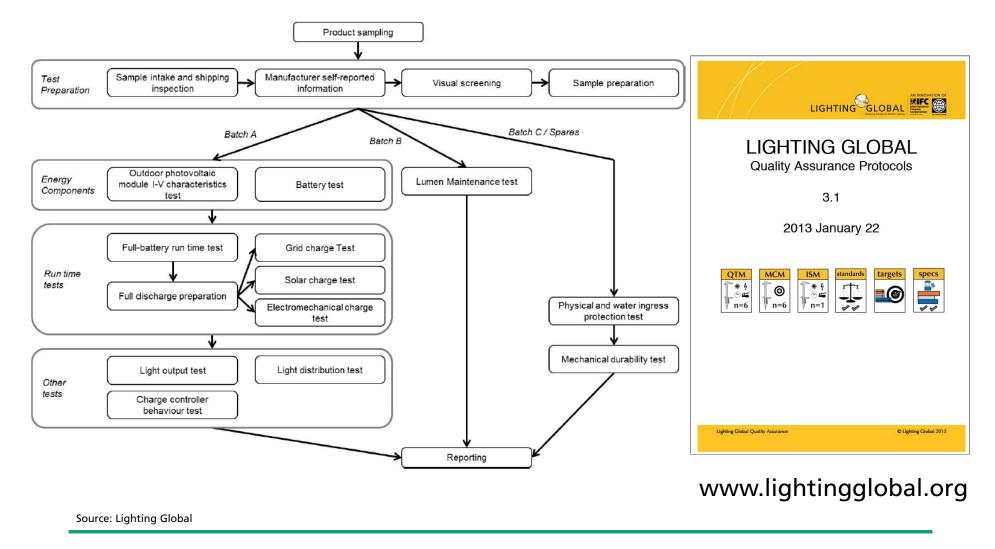
- Truth in Advertising and Warranty: Accurate consumer-facing labeling and basic 6-month warranty
- Lumen Maintenance: Average lumen output after 2,000 h of use \ge 70% initial output or average output after 1,000 h of use \ge 95% initial output
- Quality: Pass basic durability and quality checks
- Pass Ingress and Water Protection
- Battery Protection: Protection by an appropriate charge controller that prolongs battery life and protects the safety of the user.

Recommended Performance Targets

- Brightness: Total luminous flux ≥ 20 lumens or "useable" working area (surface with ≥ 25 lux) must be ≥ 0.1 m²
- Run Time: ≥ 8 hours full-battery run time or ≥ 4 hours solar run time at a sufficient brightness



Lighting Global's Quality Test Method (QTM)

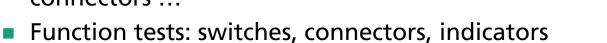




Test Procedures

Visual Screening

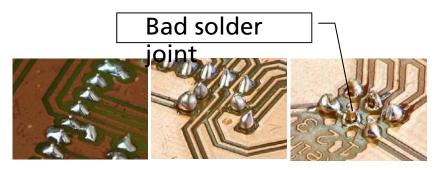
 Visual screening of workmanship: cables, mounting, fixture of parts, PCB, solder joints, switches and connectors ...



- Check specifications: run time, PV module, battery, cable length ...
- Lighting services

→Description of the extent of the light distribution
 by placing it in one of the following categories:
 180° horizontal, 360° horizontal, Other

Documentation





Wedged wire

Source: Fraunhofer ISE



Test Procedures

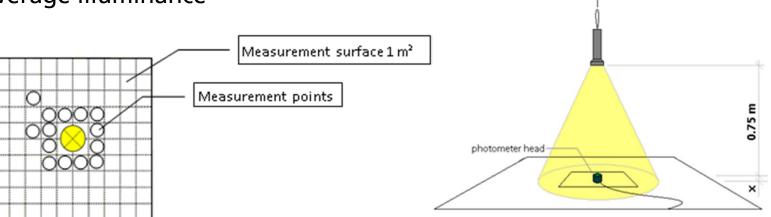
Main Test

- PV panel I-V-curve (outdoor test or lab test)
- Battery capacity
- Test of charge controllers (if appliciable)
- Assessing the autonomous time
- Detailed measurements of lighting services
- Charging behaviour (solar, grid or mechanical charging)
- Mechanical durability
- Switches and connectors
- Assessing the lumen maintenance (long term test 2000 h)



Lighting Services: Illuminance Level of Task Lights

- Measurement of illuminance levels at 100 measurement points (1 m²)
- Graphical presentation of the illuminance distribution
- Calculating the total surface average illuminance



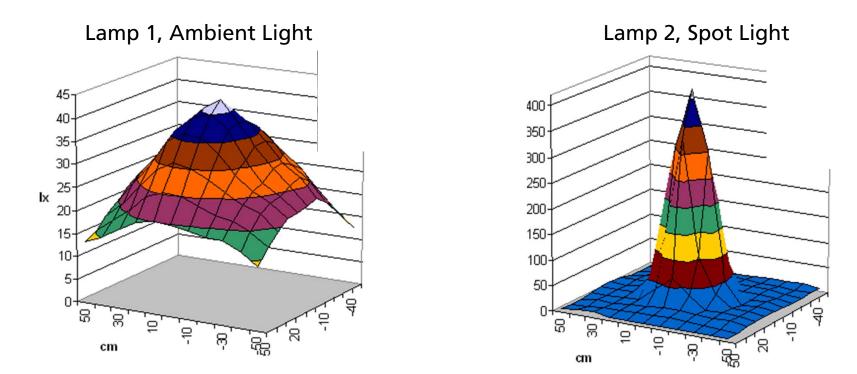
photometer head

Source: Fraunhofer ISE

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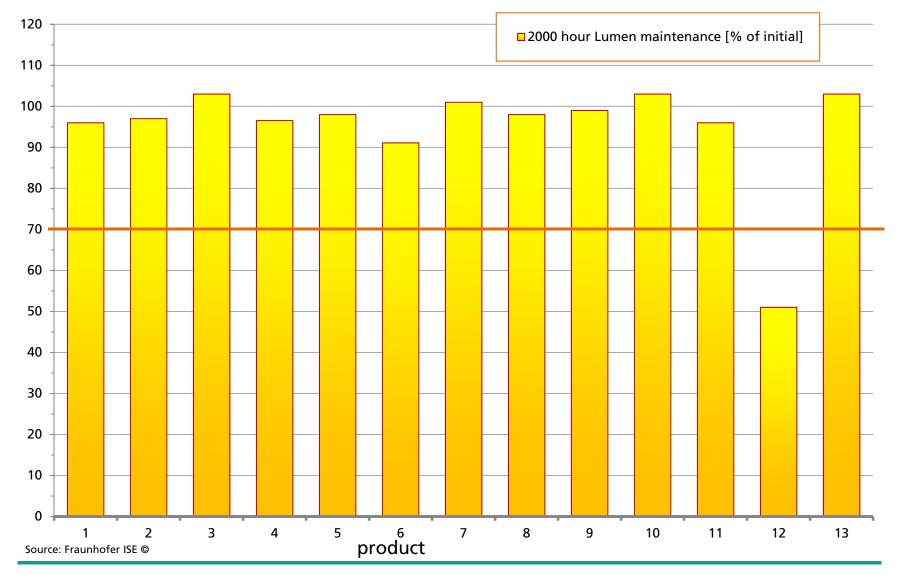
Lighting Services: Examples



Measurement as a Desk Light

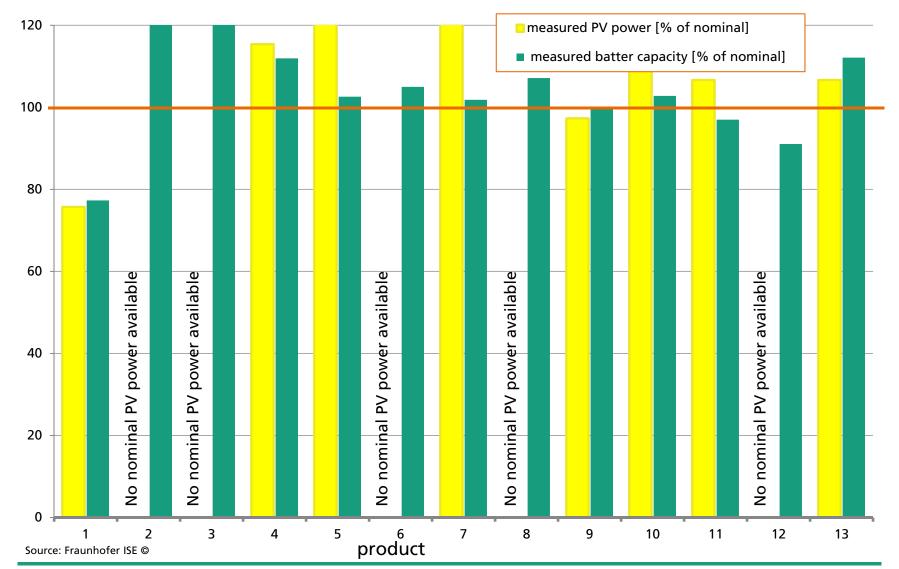






Improvement of Performance: Lumen Maintenance

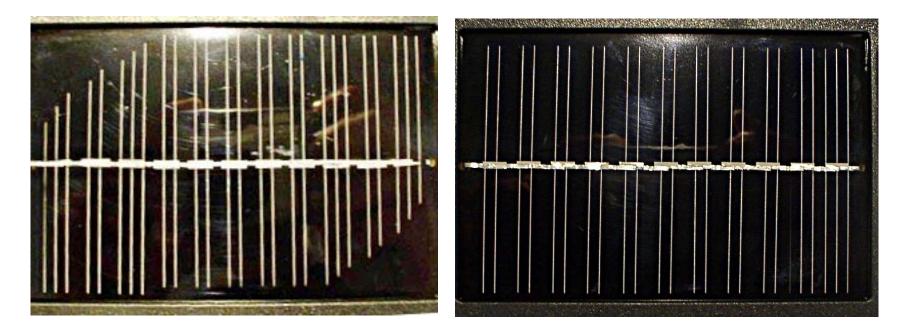




"Truth in Advertising": PV power and battery capacity



Quality Assurance PV Modules

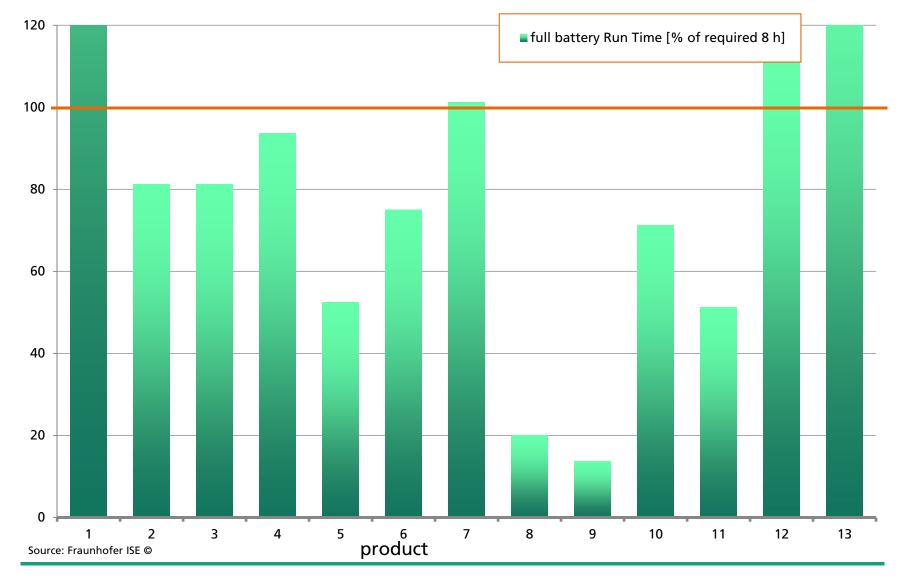


- > Different sizes of solar cells
- Broken cells

Source: Fraunhofer ISE ©







Run Time Issues: full battery Run Time (autonomous time)

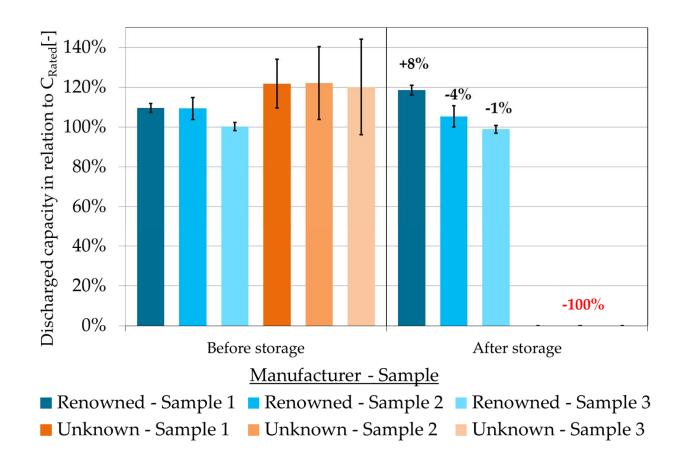


Battery Qual. Issues – <u>Lead-acid batteries</u>: storage test

Batteries were discharged and stored inside a turned off solar lantern for a period of 3 months at 30 °C

 Unknown manufacturer: None of the samples could be recharged after the three months: 100 % capacity loss

 Renowned manufacturer: Only very small capacity losses

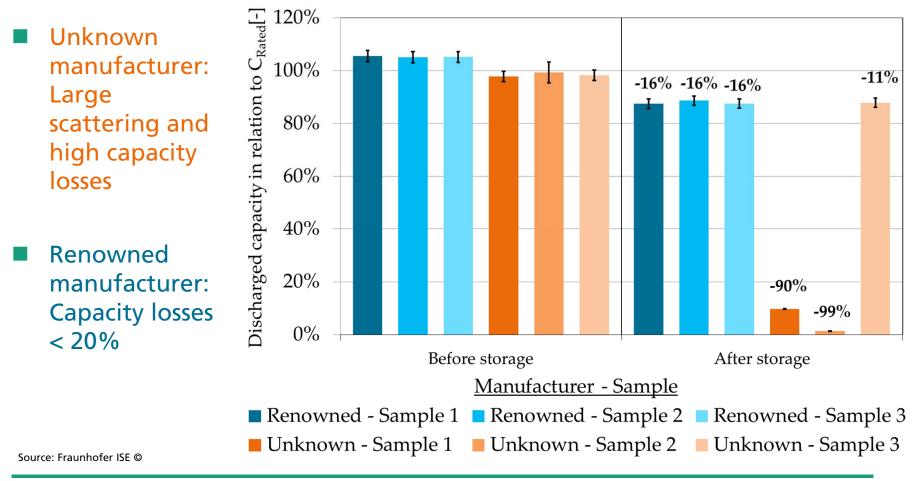


Source: Fraunhofer ISE ©

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Battery Qual. Issues – <u>Lithium-ion batteries</u>: storage test

Batteries were stored at 60 °C during 30 days with a SOC of 50%





Battery Test Results Summary

		Storage tests		Cycle tests	
		Tested	Passed	Tested	Passed
Lead-acid batteries		3	2	2	1
NiMH batteries		5	2	6	5
	LiCoO ₂	3	2	2	2
Lithium-ion batteries	LiFePO ₄	5	5	2	2
Total		16	11	10	8



Source: Fraunhofer ISE ©





Lessons Learned

- Since 2007 we tested more than 40 products with a total of more than 280 samples at Fraunhofer ISE's Lighting Lab
- In total we recognized a clear increase of the overall quality of the Pico-PV-systems and lamps
- The current assessments showed significant improvements regarding lumen maintenance, PV panel output and overall quality
- We also observed an increased light output of many of the products but partly on the risk of strong glare
 - Battery quality remains as a key weakness!
 - Meanwhile more than 40 products have met the Lighting Global Minimum Quality Standards (see http://www.lightingglobal.org/resources/specs.)



